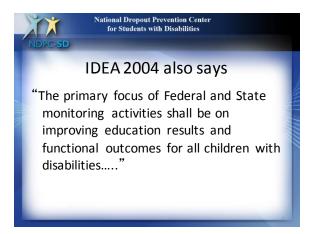


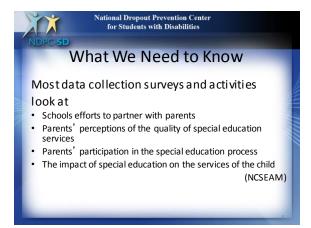
Parents = The most influential teachers

IDEA 2004 ESEA NCLB All contain requirements about parent participation in their youth's education.

Improving educational results for children with disabilities is an essential element of our national policy of ensuring equality of opportunity, full participation, independent living, and economic self-sufficiency for individuals with disabilities."

United States Congress, Report Language, IDEA 2004
December 3, 2004





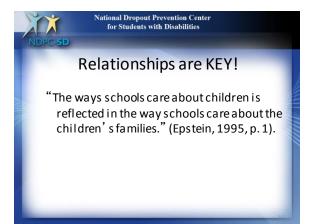
A Combined Effort

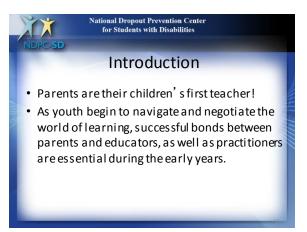
A comprehensive dropout prevention program is more than parent involvement.

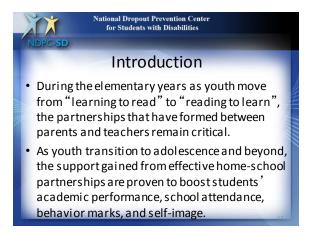
States now must locate all former students with IEPs. This data can help parents with decisions about secondary placement options – and ultimately impact school completion.

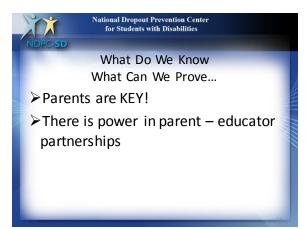


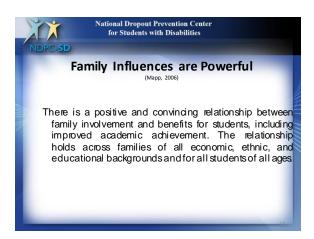


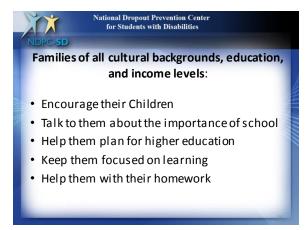












The Importance of Families

Families of youth with disabilities are as involved in school as all parents.

Variations based on disability:

- Speech or orthopedic impairments most likely to participate in school meetings, events, or to volunteer.
- ED or MR least likely to participate in above—but most likely to attend parent-teacher conferences.

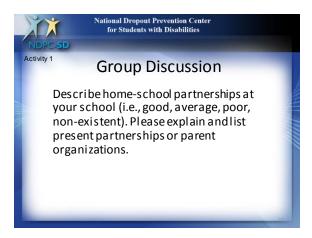


National Dropout Prevention Center for Students with Disabilities **Family Influence** ▶ The most accurate predictor of a student's school achievement is the extent to which his/her family encourages learning. ▶ There is a declining trend in family engagement as students progress in age.









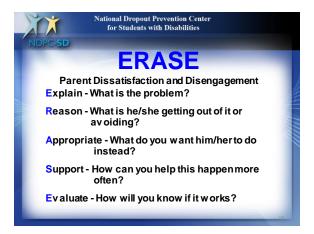


What Youth Say....

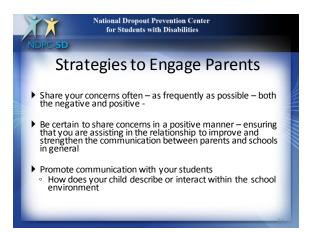


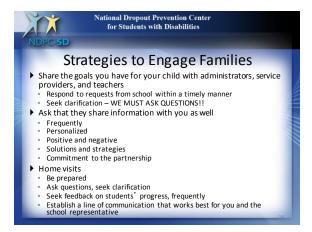
71% said one of the keys to keeping them in school is better communication between parents and schools and increased parental involvement in their education

Fewer than half said that their school contacted them or their parents when they were absent or dropped out









Cultivating family involvement



Families say that the current system does not make it easy for them to be effective partners:

- · Lack of coordinated, individualized services for students
- · Cultural differences may complicate relationship
- · Lack of Information

Cultivating family involvement



Informational needs of parents and students:

- · self-advocacy
- balancing educational standards education with functional life skills
- · career preparation and employment options
- · collaboration across systems

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Cultivating family involvement



Strategies:

- · Offer a wide variety of ways to participate
- · Support participation in any school or community opportunity
- · Account for cultural and individual differences
- Enable participation regardless of skill level
- · Provide support to improve participation skills

- -

Cultivating family involvement



Strategies:

- · Meeting schedules that accommodate family needs
- Staff development on welcoming and working collaboratively with families and students
- Supports and materials that reflect diversity
- · Regular home and school communication (as an expectation)
- Referrals to community resources

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Cultivating family involvement



Strategies:

- · Phone network or chain of volunteer families to call each other
- · Short survey to determine events and activities families want
- Invite families to visit, and create a comfortable environment
- Suggestion box for families to communicate anonymously
- · Opportunities for youth involvement in all school activities
- Open school gy m, pools, classrooms for after-school events

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Cultivating family involvement



Strategies:

- · Written policies that promote family involvement
- · Administrative support (funds, space, staff time, etc.)
- Ongoing training for staff and families
- Joint planning, goal setting, policy development, evaluation
- · Networking programs to share information and resources
- · Evaluation activities at key stages and conclusion of a project

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Cultivating family involvement



Strategies:

- Written policies that overtly respect diversity
- Information for families on policies, goals, reforms
- Training av ailable for families on policy, reform, related issues
- Accessible and understandable decision-making and problem-solving processes
- Students and families on governance and other programs and committees

High School Students



In the transition years,
parents of children with disabilities
must confront the impact of disability
on their child in the adult world
—as well as new fears for their child's future.

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